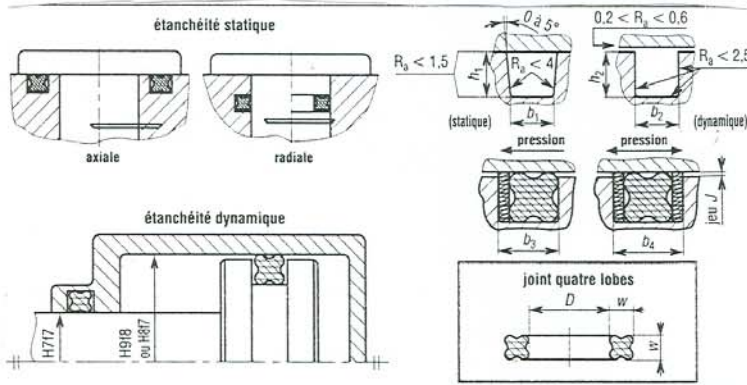
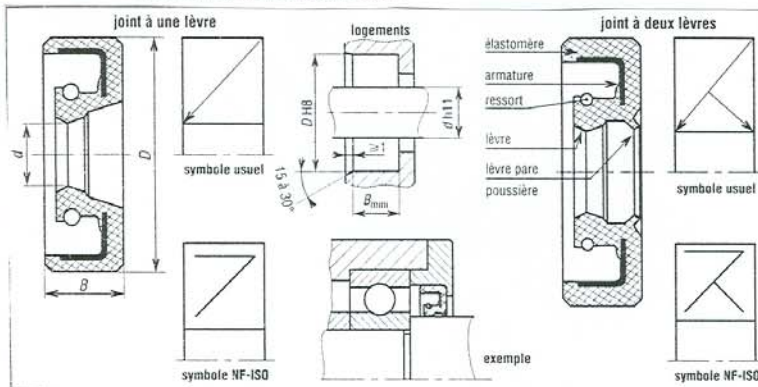


1. Dimensions et caractéristiques de montage des joints toriques.



*Frankheit 1*

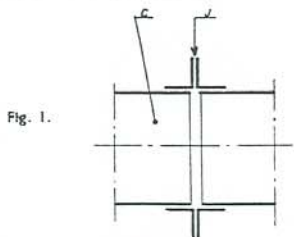


Fig. 1.

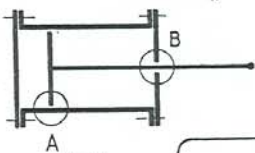


Fig. 2.

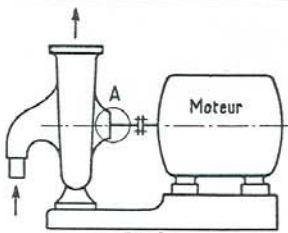


Fig. 3.

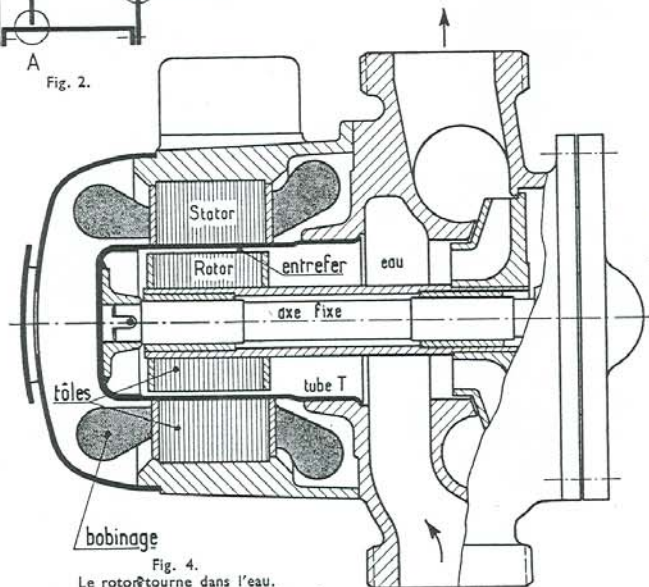


Fig. 4.

Le rotor tourne dans l'eau.  
Le tube protecteur T est logé dans l'entrefer.

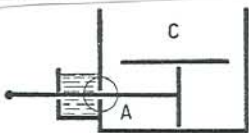


Fig. 5.

Le condenseur C est soumis à une pression inférieure à la pression atmosphérique.

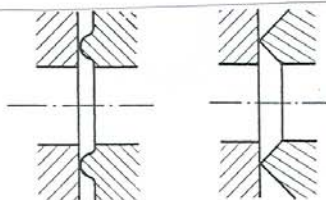


Fig. 6.

Fig. 7.

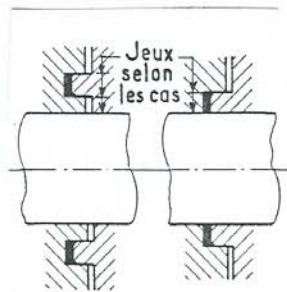


Fig. 15.

Fig. 16.

Joints encastrés.

*tinelle p135*

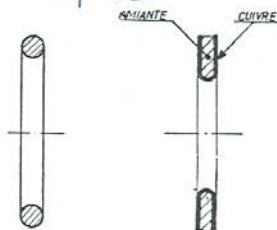


Fig. 17.

Fig. 18.

Joint torique.

Joint metallo-plastique.

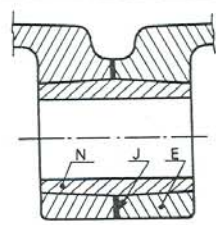


Fig. 10.

N : Nipple.  
E : Élément de chaudière.  
J : Mastic à joints.

*Tinelle*

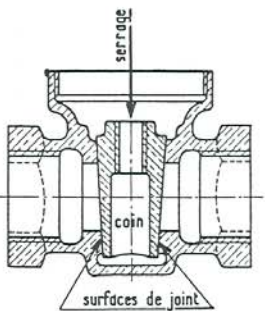


Fig. 8.  
Vanne.

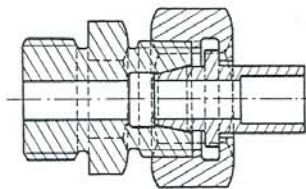


Fig. 9.

Raccord à joint conique.

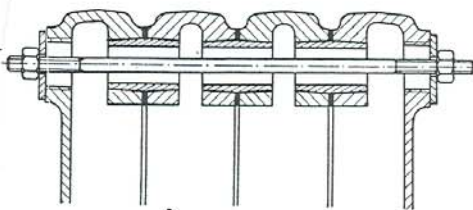
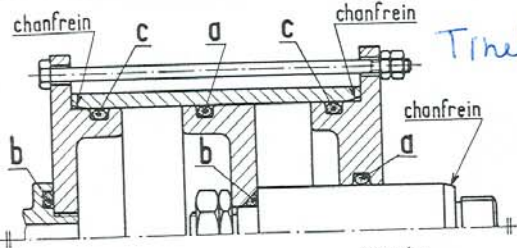


Fig. 11.

*Etoncheur*

matière synthétique auto-lubrifiante



- a\_ joint mobile
- b\_ joint statique bloqué
- c\_ joint statique libre

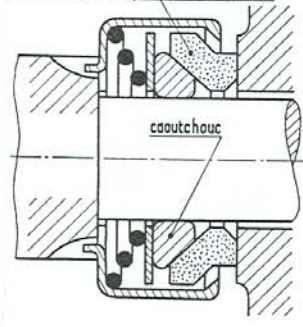
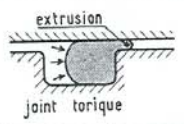


Fig. 33.  
Joint rotatif « Gulliver ».

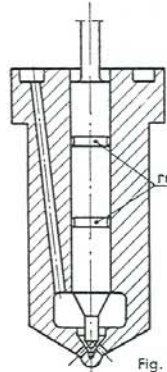


Fig. 34.

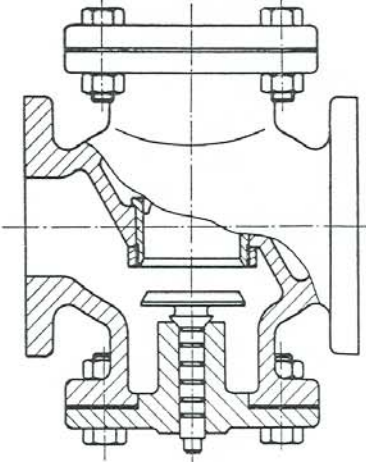


Fig. 35.

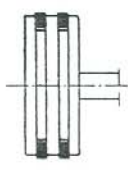


Fig. 20.

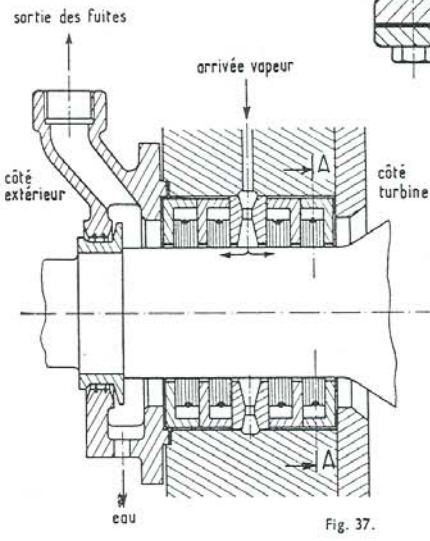


Fig. 37.

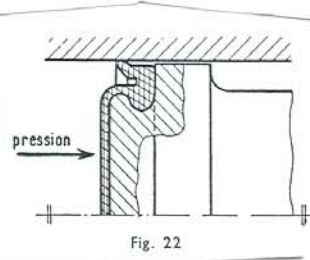


Fig. 22

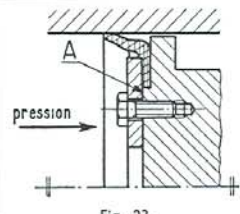


Fig. 23.

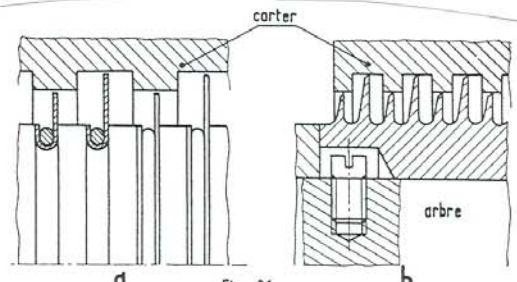
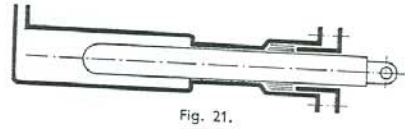
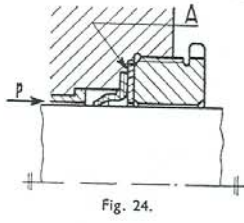
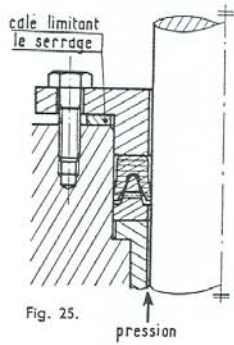


Fig. 36.

# Etanchéité 3



p

Tinel

